# OCLC Control Number

Last updated: Fri, 07 Feb 2020 19:19:16 GMT

Find the fields, subfields, notes, and product availability for the OCLC Control Number number (no:) index. Also called Access Number (FirstSearch) or Accession Number.

## Number (no:)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>CONNEXION</th>
<th>FIRSTSEARCH</th>
<th>WORLDSHARE AND WORLDCAT DISCOVERY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Search?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Browse?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Examples

- no:10998406
- *10998406
- #10998406
- 37993343 (OCLC)
- no:10998406
- *10998406
- #10998406
- 37993343 (OCLC)

### Fields/Subfields

- 001
- 019 a

### Qualifier index?

- No

### Notes

For full syntax search:

- Enter with index label and punctuation.
- Precede with an asterisk (*) or the number sign (#).
- Use * or # only if the OCLC number is the

- Called Access Number.
- Requires the index label.
- For full syntax search:
  - Enter with index label and punctuation.
  - WorldCat Discovery:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>FIRSTSEARCH</th>
<th>WORLDSHARE AND WORLDCAT DISCOVERY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>first element of a full syntax search.</td>
<td>• Precede with an asterisk (*) or the number sign (#).</td>
<td>• When search starts with no: OCLC number, the next search terms must be preceded by an index label, unless it is another OCLC number. WLDIS-32705.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Scan index from the Command Line Search by entering the Scan command (sca), the index label with appropriate punctuation, and the term, and then clicking Search. For more information, see Browse (scan an index).</td>
<td>• Use * or # only if the OCLC number is the first element of a full syntax search.</td>
<td>• Can't precede with an asterisk (*) or the number sign (#).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>